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SP9 PREAMPLIFIER
OWNER'S MANUAL

4-20-87

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### **PREFACE**

Please take the time to carefully read this Instruction Manual prior to installation or use of your SP9 preamplifier. Because it is a highly advanced electronic instrument, there are several facts and procedures you should know before you place it in operation.

Just as you would not purchase and attempt to operate an expensive camera, computer system or high-performance automobile without first learning something about performance parameters and correct operating procedures, so too your SP9 preamplifier requires some familiarization before you make it part of your music reproduction system. Your reward, in terms of maximum performance and a long service life, will be well worth the effort.

### INTRODUCTION

The SP9 Hybrid Stereo Preamplifier represents a continuation of the electronic design "philosophy" first embodied in the Audio Research SP11. The SP9 is not a "stripped-down" version of the SP11, but rather represents an adaptation of some of the SP11's advanced hybrid technology within a simpler, more economical single-chassis design.

Using only two 6DJ8 vacuum tubes (one in the phono section and one in the high-level stage), the SP9 expresses the musicality and naturalness tube preamplifiers have been noted for, yet does so with the quickness and dynamic vigor of the best solid-state designs. In addition, the SP9 will undoubtedly prove to be one of the most reliable and minimal-maintenance Audio Research preamps ever -- up to 10,000 hours of service life are possible before replacement of the two vacuum tubes might be necessary. And, replacement tubes need not be the expensive, low-noise variety -- Audio Research branded vacuum tubes obtained from your audio dealer will provide the best performance and reliability.

Although the SP9 contains an on-board power supply (as opposed to the SP11's isolated supply), it is a highly advanced, tightly regulated design employing a toroidal power transformer to minimize any potential problems of mechanical noise or hum. Positioning of this transformer in relation to special low-hum input circuitry has been optimized within the SP9 chassis layout to virtually eliminate transformer-related noise. (Note that while outboard power supplies have become a popular design trend among high-end manufacturers, simply isolating the power supply from the main chassis does little good if the basic design of the supply itself is second-rate. In such cases, outboard isolation may be little more than a cosmetic cure for more serious sonic weaknesses.)

While the SP9 has been designed to provide superb playback from phono records, its high-level circuits have also been optimized for other popular input sources, including compact discs. In this respect, the SP9 is virtually overload-proof, insuring maximum enjoyment of today's most dynamic program material. And, with two tape monitor loops, the SP9 offers the tape-dubbing flexibility so many listeners want but seldom find in an audiophile-grade preamplifier.

In this regard, the controls and switches used in the SP9 have been carefully specified and selected to insure minimum sonic degradation -- as have the other active and passive components used in the construction of the SP9. While the SP9 is less expensive than some other Audio Research preamplifiers, its more modest price has not been achieved at the sacrifice of component quality. Careful, elegant design, structural simplicity and efficient manufacturing techniques have all contributed to a standard of physical integrity and musical accuracy never before achieved in this price class.

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In short, the SP9 hybrid preamplifier is a product you can be proud to own and enjoy for years to come, without fear that it will soon become technically obsolete or sonically dated. Taking the time to carefully read and understand the remainder of this Owner's Manual will help insure you get all the enjoyment your SP9 is capable of. Happy listening!

### WARNINGS

- 1. To prevent fire, or shock hazard, do not expose your SP9 to rain or moisture.
- 2. This unit contains voltages which can cause serious injury or death. Do not operate with cover removed. Refer servicing to your authorized Audio Research dealer or other qualified personnel.
- 3. The power cord on your SP9 is equipped with an 18-guage, 3-conductor cable and a standard three-prong grounding plug. In addition, your SP9 uses an isolating power transformer with 4 KV-rated insulation. For absolute protection, do not defeat the ground power plug. This provides powerline grounding of the SP9 chassis to provide absolute protection from electrical shock.
- 4. For continued protection against fire hazard, replace the fuse only with the same type and rating as specified at the fuse holder.

### PACKAGING

Save all packaging in a dry place away from fire hazard. Your SP9 preamplifier is a precision electronic instrument and should be properly cartoned any time shipment is made. You may not have occasion to return your unit to the factory for service, but if that should prove necessary, or other occasion requiring shipment occurs, the original packaging will protect your SP9 from unnecessary damage or delay.

Note that your SP9 has been shipped with vacuum tubes installed in their proper high-retention sockets. You may do likewise if the complete original packaging is used for shipment.

#### DESCRIPTION OF CONTROLS

GAIN CONTROL: A high-quality, metal-film segmented control with 31 steps and accurate tracking. Use it to control loudness or volume. Rotation to the left attenuates gain, rotation to the right increases gain. Best sonic performance and best signal-to-noise ratio will result if the input signal and amplifier input sensitivity allow normal listening when GAIN is set between 10 o'clock and 2 o'clock.

With some high-efficiency loudspeakers, a high-output source such as a CD player, and with a high-gain amplifier lacking an input volume control, you may discover that normal listening is only possible with the GAIN control barely on, or in the 9 o'clock position. In such circumstances it is possible to reduce the overall gain of the SP9 by 6dB, by making a simple internal adjustment. See the ADJUSTMENTS Section of this Manual, or contact your Audio Research dealer for assistance.

BALANCE CONTROL: When rotated, adjusts the relative sound levels of the left and right channels. The 12 o'clock position marks the point of equal balance. Rotating the knob to the right decreases the level of the left channel proportionally, shifting the sonic image to the right. Rotating the knob to the left shifts the sonic image to the left.

MODE CONTROL: Allows selection of various single-channel (mono) and two-channel (stereo) listening modes. Detents mark each selection option during rotation of knob. "Mono" reproduces identical sonic information on both right and left channels. "Reverse" switches left-channel information to the right, right-channel information to the left. "Stereo" is the normally preferred mode for most program material, producing the most realistic spacial image. "Left" cancels all right-channel information and presents left-channel information to both channels. In the same way, "Right" cancels all left-channel information, etc.

INPUT SELECTOR: Detents mark selection of various source material options: "Phono" for phonograph record turntables; "Tuner" for AM/FM radio tuners; "CD" for compact digital disc players; "Video" for input from Beta or VHS videotape recorder/players; and "Spare" for any additional high level source: tape, tuner, CD, video, etc.

The signal source chosen is presented at both Main and Recorder 1/Recorder 2 outputs. The Main output may be overridden by use of the "Monitor" and "Tape 1/Tape 2" switches, so that alternate program material may be listened to during tape recording or dubbing. However, the signal presented at the Recorder 1/Recorder 2 outputs is controlled solely by the Input Selector and cannot be overridden.

POWER SWITCH: Supplies power from AC wall outlet to SP9 when in "Power" position. Although not strictly necessary, it is nonetheless good practice to put the SP9 in "Mute" before turning on power for maximum protection of your power amplifier(s) and speakers.

MUTE/OPERATE SWITCH: In "Mute" position, shorts the main outputs of the preamplifier to allow listening interruptions for telephone answering or other reasons. This switch should always be activated between listening uses or switching of inputs, in addition to turning the Gain (volume) control counter-clockwise. These two simple precautions will prevent inadvertent misuse of your SP9 and help protect your power amplifier(s) and speakers from unexpected transient signal pulses (tone arm mishandling, etc). In "Operate" position, this switch allows the signal to pass normally to the outputs.

CAUTION: Do not turn up the gain control beyond normal listening positions when the SP9 is in the Mute mode. Always turn the gain control down when changing program sources, even when it is muted. The SP9 has an extremely wide dynamic range, and switching to Operate at loud levels may be too much for amplifiers, speakers or ears. Furthermore, at extremely high signal levels (such as from a severe blow to the turntable or tone arm) in the Mute mode, the SP9 may overload internally. This will not harm the SP9, but it may take 10-15 seconds to stabilize from the overload. If you switch to Operate before the SP9 has recovered from the overload, you wil hear a "pop" when the mute switch is actuated, indicating the presence of unwanted subsonic energy that may damage some amplifiers and poorly-fused speakers, if the SP9 is left in Operate. If you hear a "pop," switch immediately back to Mute, turn down the gain control and wait 15 seconds or so and try again. Under normal conditions the SP9 muting has no "pops." (Turntable rumble, record warp wow or other subsonic program energy may also cause small, harmless mute "pops." These "pops" may be eliminated by turning down the SP9 gain control before muting.)

POWER/MUTING CIRCUIT LED: Glows green to indicate unit is on and receiving power from the power supply. Note that for approximately 45 seconds after start-up or in "Mute" mode, this LED will glow more dimly, indicating proper operation of the muting circuit. In the "Operate" mode (after warm-up), the LED brightens and your SP9 is ready for normal operation.

MONITOR/SOURCE SWITCH: In "Monitor" position, this switch "bypasses" the Input Selector and presents the signal to the main outputs from sources (tape recorders, etc.) connected to the "Tape 1" or "Tape 2" input jacks on the rear panel. In the "source" position, the program source is controlled by the Input Selector (Phono, Tuner, CD, etc.).

TAPE 1/TAPE 2 SWITCH: Usable only when "Monitor" has been selected. Selects either "Tape 1" or "Tape 2" inputs and connects that choice to the main outputs (through the "high level" amplification circuitry).

### CONNECTIONS

INPUT CONNECTORS: All are clearly marked to indicate use. All high level inputs are 50K ohms impedance. Remember that impedance of "Phono" input is controlled by soldered-in resistor values on the main circuit board (see INPUT IMPEDANCE ADJUSTMENT).

MAIN OUTPUT CONNECTORS: There is one (1) set of output connectors, which should be connected to your electronic crossover or power amplifier.

Maximum total load for the output connectors should not be less than 20K ohms for maximum sonic performance.

NOTE: At the performance level of the SP9, high-quality audio signal interconnect cables are critical to preserving maximum fidelity. Audio Research RFI-shielded or unshielded interconnect cables are highly recommended for connection to your power amplifier(s) and to other ancillary equipment. See your authorized Audio Research dealer for recommended lengths and prices.

RECORDER 1/RECORDER 2 OUTPUT CONNECTORS. Two (2) sets are provided. Recorder outputs should be connected to your recorder's "AUX" or "LINE" inputs. These outputs supply a source of whatever is selected by the Input Selector Control. Level is non-variable and approximately the same as the selected input source.

All input/output connectors have heavy gold plating and connect "ground" before "hot." (On disconnect, "hot" is first.)

## INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

While the SP9 does not dissipate an unusual amount of heat, it is important that it be provided with reasonable airflow to assure long, trouble-free operation. In addition, the following installation guidelines will help insure maximum sonic performance as well as reliable service.

1. Upright and horizontal mounting is suggested if extended operation (longer than one hour) is contemplated.

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- 2. Do not "stack" the SP9 on top of a power amplifier. Not only could this cause overheating, but "hum" may be introduced into the phono circuits from the proximity of the amplifier's power transformer.
- 3. Do not place or operate your SP9 on a soft or irregular surface such as a rug. This will prevent proper ventilation.
- 4. Do not operate your SP9 without the top and bottom covers installed. These are required both for safety as well as shielding from interference (except in service operations, obviously).
- 5. If rack mounting is employed, use Audio Research Rack Mount Ventilators (RMV-3) below and above your SP9.
- 6. If side-by-side mounting with other equipment is employed, place the SP9 to the right of the other chassis, so as to provide maximum spacing between another power transformer and the SP9's sensitive phono input circuitry.
- 7. In a cabinet or rack-mount installation which has an enclosed back, an exhaust fan is desirable so as not to operate the SP9 in overheated ambient air. Operation of vacuum tube equipment for long periods of time in hot ambient air will shorten tube life and increase chance of failure of other component parts.

### OPERATING PROCEDURE

### START-UP:

- 1. Make sure Power switch is set to "Off" position; Mute switch should be in "Mute" position; and "Gain" Control should be at minimum (full counter-clockwise rotation).
- 2. Secure all rear-panel connections between SP9, power amplifier(s) and input sources. Note: Given the advanced performance capabilities of the SP9, it is extremely important that high-quality interconnects be used for connection to ancillary electronics. Audio Research brand interconnects, in either unshielded or RFI-shielded configurations, are strongly recommended. Your Audio Research dealer can assist you in determining optimal lengths for your system.
- 3. Plug 3-prong powerline cord from rear of SP9 into grounded AC wall receptacle.
- 4. Turn Power switch to "On." Green LED will glow dimly for approximately 45 seconds while power supply stabilizes, indicating operation of automatic muting circuit. After this warm-up muting period, the LED will brighten when "Operate" is selected, indicating that your SP9 is ready for operation.

Note: For superior sonic performance, a warm-up period of at least one hour is recommended. In addition, your SP9 may be safely left "on" continuously for maximum performance at all times, but at the expense of higher maintenance costs (more frequent tube replacement).

- 5. Rotate input selector to source desired; set switch options to positions desired.
- 6. If "Phono" has been selected, make sure impedance is properly matched to your phono cartridge (see INPUT IMPEDANCE ADJUSTMENT).
- 7. Activate input source, then deactivate Mute switch and adjust Gain Control as necessary

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#### TAPE DUBBING PROCEDURE:

When using the SP9 as a control center for recording, the program source to be dubbed must be connected to one of the five inputs controlled by the front Input selector. This routes the selected program to the Recorder 1/Recorder 2 outputs, which should connect to the "aux" or "hi-level" inputs on the recorder(s). (Check to make sure your recorder doesn't short its inputs when it's not in "record" mode. If it does, it may severely load or distort the SP9's output signal.)

The Tape 1/Tape 2 inputs are for listening or monitoring only through the <u>main</u> outputs, and cannot be routed to the Recorder 1/Recorder 2 outputs for dubbing. When using these inputs, your tape recorder should be switched to "Tape" or "Monitor," if it has separate record and play heads. This allows true "A-B" comparison of signals before and after recording, using the Monitor/Source switch on the SP9.

Two recorders may be used simultaneously to record the same program. While dubbing is in process, the signal from either of the Tape 1 or Tape 2 inputs may be listened to by switching to "Monitor" and selecting the appropriate Tape 1 or Tape 2 input. Switching back to "Source" returns the listener to the program being dubbed.

Two different programs may be recorded simultaneously by routing one program <u>directly</u> from its source to the recorder (bypassing the SP9) and routing the <u>other</u> source through the SP9 and its Recorder outputs. Then, two different programs may be monitored through the Tape 1 and Tape 2 inputs.

If you wish to use a tape unit <u>both</u> as a program source to be dubbed and as a recorder with monitoring provisions, then use "Y" connectors to feed both Spare and Tape 1 inputs on the SP9 from the recorder outputs. Then either function may be selected without changing connections. Remember that if you accidently select the output of your recorder as a signal source and send this same signal back to the same recorder's inputs, you may generate an "echo loop" or wild oscillations, depending on the gain settings on the recorder.

#### MUTING PROVISIONS:

The SP9 has several provisions to help protect against misuse of the exceptional dynamic range and wide bandwidth that it offers. It is not subject to damage itself, but some power amplifiers and speakers are more limited in their ability to withstand signal extremes. These provisions, both manual and automatic, are designed not to interfere with a flawless listening experience of unprecedented realism, while giving reasonable protection against warm-up surges and power line interruptions. However, for absolute protection of associated equipment some operator understanding, and responsibility, is required.

Initial "settling" time of all circuit parameters within the SP9 requires approximately 5 to 10 minutes. The automatic muting circuitry timer is adjusted for about 45 seconds. (This is because recurrent interruption "settling" time is much less. You would not want to wait for 5-10 minutes each time such an interruption occurred.)

The Mute/Operate Switch allows manual disabling of the SP9 outputs during any moving of the tonearm or switching of equipment. Use of this switch will minimize stress on your amplifier even if it is "off." It is also highly recommended that manual muting be employed during the initial 45 second warm-up period as well as during turn-off for maximum protection.

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While it is true that the automatic muting will provide reasonably adequate protection against speaker burnout during these periods, it has limitations. At the 45 second point the automatic timer "releases" the output, and since full subsonic stabilization has not yet occurred, some sonic unpleasantness may occur. Although this is normally adequate protection, utilization of the manual mute provision will completely avoid this stress to your speakers, as well as the associated sonic unpleasantness.

Some solid-state power amplifiers have a DC offset present at their input connections. (This, of course, should not be.) Operation of the manual muting switch with such an amplifier connected will result in a "click" or "pop" in your loudspeaker (commensurate in level with the amount of the offset) each time the switch is activated. Repair or replacement of such amplifiers is suggested.

The automatic muting operates as follows:

- l. The manual mute switch always disables both "main" outputs and overrides any automatic provisions, even when the SP9 is turned off. (The "Operate" position of the manual mute switch is functional only when the unit is not in the automatic mute mode.)
- 2. The 45 second warm-up timer will restart automatically and the LED will dim if the power is temporarily interrupted for 0.1 second or more. Note: Power supply regulation of the SP9 is effective down to 100VAC without serious sonic degredation.
- 3. The automatic muting of the SP9 is designed to be effective only against power line interruptions and power supply failures. It will not mute against subsonic signal transmissions from your turntable, etc. Proper fusing of speakers is essential to protect against excessive audio level or power amplifier faults.

### SHUT-DOWN:

- 1. Set "Mute" switch to "mute" position.
- 2. Rotate "Gain" control counter-clockwise to minimum setting.
- Deactivate power amplifier(s).
- 4. Deactivate all input sources.
- 5. Set SP9 Power Switch to "Off" position.

### INPUT IMPEDANCE ADJUSTMENT

For the best sonic performance of your phono pickup cartridge, it should connect to the proper load impedance recommended by the cartridge manufacturer. Your SP9 comes wired with a standard load of 47K ohms for most high-output moving-coil, or moving magnet cartridges. A kit of precision load resistors is supplied with your SP9 for the more common low-impedance load requirements of 10, 33 or 100 ohms for typical low to medium output moving-coil cartridges. Consult your cartridge manufacturer or dealer to determine the optimum load impedance for your needs. You may wish to connect the load resistors at the output of your turntable, rather than in the SP9, especially if you may be using more than one turntable or cartridge, with different load requirements.

The use of precision fixed resistors provides better load accuracy and sonic performance at lower cost than most adjustable or switchable loads. Audio Research can supply audiophile grade non-standard load resistor and capacitor values upon request accompanied by \$10.00 to cover order processing costs (certified funds or money order).

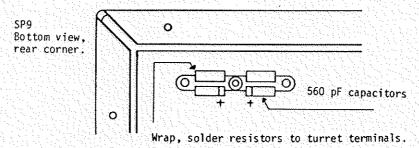
Solder the desired resistors to the turret terminal posts on the bottom of the main circuit board near the phono inputs (see illustration). First wrap the resistor leads around the posts 1/2 to 3/4 turn. Then solder using the special alloy solder supplied with the resistors. Connect one resistor between the left and center posts and the other resistor between the center and right posts.

For 10 ohms use brown-black-black-gold resistors. For 33 ohms use orange-orange-red-gold resistors. For 100 ohms use brown-black-black-black resistors.

NOTE: All SP9s have two 560 picofarrad capacitors mounted on the impedance loading pegs, one for each channel. When using moving coil cartridges these capacitors should not be removed when adding load resistors. The load resistors should be installed in parallel with these capacitors.

### INPUT CAPACITANCE ADJUSTMENT

The SP9 has a total input capacitance of 600 Picofarrads with the 560 picofarrad capacitors installed and 40 picofarrads without them. Different value capacitors can be installed to match the requirements of your moving magnet cartridge. Observe the polarity as shown in diagram below when adding capacitors.



#### REDUCING GAIN

When using the SP9 with high-output cartridges or high-sensitivity power amplifiers or high-efficiency speakers, you may find that you typically set the SP9 Gain control at 9-11 o'clock, where the detented gain increments may be too large for setting the desired listening volume. For more precise setting of the desired listening level, the SP9 includes a simple internal provision to reduce the gain of the line section by 6dB. This affects all signal sources, when using the normal Main Output jacks. The signal level at the Recorder Output jacks is unaffected.

To reduce the gain by 6dB, merely remove the bottom cover and unsolder the gain change connection for each channel. These connections are located in the central area of the bottom of the main circuit board near V2, where the pads identified by the letter "A" connect to the large central ground path.

To restore the SP9 to its original gain, merely resolder across these small gaps at "A." For best results use the special alloy solder supplied with the cartridge load resistor kit.

### SERVICING

Because of its careful design and exacting standards of manufacture, your SP9 should normally require only minimal routine service to maintain its high level of performance.

CAUTION: Your SP9 contains sufficient levels of voltage and current to be lethal. Do not tamper with a component or part inside the unit. Refer any needed service to your authorized Audio Research dealer or other qualified technician.

The two (2) vacuum tubes inside your SP9 are quality 6DJ8 types, and with normal use should not need to be changed for approximately 5,000 to 10,000 hours of use. Replacement 6DJ8 tubes need not be low-noise or matched for gain characteristics, and are available from Audio Research.

At the back of the Manual you will find a schematic diagram for your SP9 which is fully annotated with operating voltages and component part values. Your service technician will require this information when servicing your unit.

### CLEANING

To maintain the visual appearance of your SP9 preamplifier, occasionally wipe the front panel and top cover surfaces with a soft, damp (not wet) cloth to remove dust. A mild, non-alkaline soap solution may be used to remove fingerprints or similar smudges. Cleaners containing abrasives should <u>not</u> be used as they will damage the "brushed" grain of the front panel finish.

### 3-YEAR LIMITED WARRANTY TERMS AND CONDITIONS

- 1. LIMITED WARRANTY. Audio Research warrants the product designated herein to be free of manufacturing defects in material and workmanship, subject to the conditions hereinafter set forth, for a period of three (3) years from the date of purchase by the original purchaser or no later than five (5) years from the date of shipment to the authorized Audio Research dealer, whichever comes first, excepting vacuum tubes which are warranted for 90 days only (See 6).
- 2. CONDITIONS. This Warranty is subject to the following conditions and limitations. The Warranty is void and inapplicable if the product has been used or handled other than in accordance with the instructions in the owner's manual, abused or misused, damaged by accident or neglect or in being transported, or the defect is due to the product being repaired or tampered with by anyone other than Audio Research or an authorized Audio Research repair center. The product must be packed and returned to Audio Research or an authorized Audio Research repair center by the customer at his or her sole expense. Audio Research will pay return freight of its choice. A RETURNED PRODUCT MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY A WRITTEN DESCRIPTION OF THE DEFECT AND A PHOTOCOPY OF THE ORIGINAL PURCHASE RECEIPT. This receipt must clearly list model and serial number, the date of purchase, the name and address of the purchaser and authorized dealer and the price paid by the purchaser. Audio Research reserves the right to modify the design of any product without obligation to purchasers of previously manufactured products and to change the prices or specifications of any product without notice or obligation to any person.
- 3. REMEDY. In the event the above product fails to meet the above Warranty and the above conditions have been met, the purchaser's sole remedy under this Limited Warranty shall be to return the product to Audio Research or an authorized Audio Research repair center where the defect will be rectified without charge for parts or labor, except vacuum tubes (See 6).
- 4. LIMITED TO ORIGINAL PURCHASER. This Warranty is for the sole benefit of the original purchaser of the covered product and shall not be transferred to a subsequent purchaser of the product.
- 5. DURATION OF WARRANTY. This Warranty expires on the third anniversary of the date of purchase or no later than the fifth anniversary of the date of shipment to the authorized Audio Research dealer, whichever comes first.
- 6. VACUUM TUBES. Vacuum tubes are warranted for the original 90-day period only.
- 7. DEMONSTRATION EQUIPMENT. Equipment used by an authorized dealer for demonstration purposes is warranted to be free of manufacturing defects in materials and workmanship for a period of three (3) years from the date of shipment to the dealer. Vacuum tubes are warranted for 90 days. Demo equipment needing warranty service must be packed and returned to Audio Research by the dealer at his sole expense. Audio Research will pay return freight of its choice. A returned product must be accompanied by a written description of the defect on an AUDIO RESEARCH RETURNED GOODS AUTHORIZATION form. Dealer-owned demonstration equipment sold at retail within three (3) years of date of shipment to the dealer is warranted to the first retail customer to be free of manufacturing defects in materials and workmanship for the duration of the 3-Year Limited Warranty remaining (as measured from the date of shipment of the equipment to the dealer). Vacuum tubes are not warranted for any period under these conditions of sale. In the event warranty service is needed under the conditions, the owner of

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the equipment must provide a copy of his purchase receipt, fulfilling the requirements described under "2. Conditions" above. The product must be packed and returned to Audio Research or an authorized Audio Research repair center by the customer at his or her sole expense. Audio Research will pay return freight of its choice.

- 8. MISCELLANEOUS. ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES RELATING TO THE ABOVE PRODUCT SHALL BE LIMITED TO THE DURATION OF THIS WARRANTY. THE WARRANTY DOES NOT EXTEND TO ANY INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL COSTS OR DAMAGES TO THE PURCHASER. Some states do not allow limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts or an exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitations or exclusions may not apply to you. This Warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.
- 9. WARRANTOR. Inquiries regarding the above Limited Warranty may be sent to the following address:

Audio Research Corporation 6801 Shingle Creek Parkway Minneapolis, MN 55430

### WARRANTY OUTSIDE THE USA

Audio Research has formal distribution in many of the countries of the free world. In each country the Audio Research Importer has contractually accepted the responsibility for product warranty. Warranty should normally be obtained from the importing dealer or distributor from whom you obtain your product.

In the unlikely event of service need beyond the capability of the Importer, Audio Research does, of course, back up the warranty. Such product would need to be returned to Audio Research, together with a photostatic copy of the bill of sale.

Frequency Response:

High level section: ±.5dB, 5Hz to 50kHz

-3dB points below 1Hz and above 200kHz

Phono: ±.3dB of RIAA, 30Hz to 40kHz

Distortion:

Less than .01% at 2V RMS output. (Typically less than .005% in midband)

Gain:

Phono input to tape output: 46dB High level inputs to tape output: 0dB Phono input to main output: 66dB High level inputs to main output: 20dB

Input Impedance:

50K ohms Line Inputs; 40K Phono (Phono provisions for any value below 47K ohms or added input capacitance for matching certain magnetic cartridges.)

Output Impedance:

500 ohms main output; 850 ohms recorder output. Recommended load 60K ohms and loopf. (20K ohms minimum and loopf maximum)

Maximum Inputs:

Phono, 200V at 1kHz (1000mV RMS, 10kHz). High level inputs essentially overload-proof.

Rated Outputs:

2V RMS 5Hz to 50kHz, all outputs, 60K ohm load (main output capability is 50V RMS output at 1/2% THD at 1kHz into a 100K ohm load with 5V RMS high level input)

Power Supplies:

Electronically-regulated low and high voltage supplies and electronic decoupling. Shielded toroid transformer. Line regulation better than .01%

Noise:

High Level

- (1) 70uV RMS maximum residual unweighted wideband noise at main output with gain control minimum (98dB below 5V RMS output)
- (2) More than 100dB below 1V RMS input (less than 7uV equivalent input noise)

Phono:

0.12uV equivalent input noise, IHF weighted, shorted input (78dB below 1mV input)

Tube Complement:

2 - 6DJ8/ECC88 dual triodes

(Hybrid FET/Tube audio circuit, solid-state power supply)

Power Requirements:

100-135VAC 60Hz (200-270VAC 50/60Hz) 50 Watts

Dimensions:

19" (48 cm) W x 5 1/4" (13.4 cm) H (standard rack panel) x 10 1/4" (26 cm) D. Handles extend 1 5/8" (4.1 cm) forward of front panel. Rear chassis fittings extend 7/8" (2.3 cm)

Weight:

13 lbs. (5.9 kg) Net; 22 lbs. (10 kg) Shipping