Price: \$5.00

MODEL SP11 PREAMPLIFIER
OWNER'S MANUAL

10-1-86

# audio research corporation

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### **PREFACE**

Please take the time to carefully read this Instruction Manual prior to installation or use of your SP11 Preamplifier. Because it is a technically unconventional, highly advanced electronic instrument, there are several facts and procedures you should know before you place it in operation.

Just as you would not purchase and attempt to operate an expensive camera, computer system or high-performance automobile without first learning something about performance parameters and correct operating procedures, so too your SPII Preamplifier requires some familiarization before you make it part of your music reproduction system. Your reward, in terms of maximum performance and a long service life, will be well worth the effort.

#### INTRODUCTION

Despite the high performance standards set for preamplifiers several years ago by the critically-acclaimed, all-tube Audio Research SP10 Preamplifier, it has been apparent for some time that the need existed for a preamplifier of even greater accuracy. The discovery and refinement of new, patented circuitry innovations by Audio Research made the fulfillment of this need a practical possibility. The culmination of this effort is the SP11 Preamplifier, a product of such technical refinement that it truly represents a breakthrough in preamplifier performance -- a benchmark which all other high performance designs will strive to equal in the years ahead.

The SP11's unique hybrid design is in large measure responsible for this amazing level of performance. Employing both vacuum tubes and field effect transistors in the signal path, the SP11 fully reflects the Audio Research design philosophy of advancing the state-of-the-art by using each type of device where it is best suited. Thus, the small complement of vacuum tubes (six in all) is used primarily for highlevel amplification in each section, whereas FETs are generally used in low-level functions. The tubes are not required to be select, low-noise types, and all operating voltages are fully regulated. This conservative, yet sophisticated approach to circuit design yields much longer tube life and greater overall reliability under normal conditions of use. 5000 to 10,000 hours of use may generally be expected before marked sonic degredation indicates replacement is necessary. (See the Section on Servicing for more complete information.)

The SP11, like the SP10, is a two-chassis design isolating power-supply functions from the sensitive preamplifier circuits, thereby reducing the magnetic field induced effects upon critical circuitry. In addition, the power supply employs a toroid power transformer to minimize mechanical buzz and hum. (See the Section on Installation Instructions for details on proper placement.)

While the SP11 may accurately be described as a state-of-the-art product, it has also been designed to offer this performance under a variety of conditions, with a variety of program sources. Special care has been taken to maximize the sonic performance of every input option, including video and compact disc. So you can expect your SP11 to perform superbly with more than high-quality turntables, tonearms and a wide variety of phono cartridges (moving-coil and moving-magnet).

In addition, your SP11 has a generous complement of precision controls and switches to allow maximum system convenience without compromising sonic integrity. This full-featured flexibility also sets the SP11 apart from typical "minimalist" or "straight-wire-with-gain" products. Thus, for example, in addition to the conventional Gain Control on the front panel, a Level Control is also provided, allowing an essentially unlimited range of input signal levels to be properly utilized by the Gain Control. (See the Section on Description of Controls for a more complete discussion.)

To maintain these exacting performance standards in such a convenient, flexible control format requires precision manufacture subsequent to intelligent design. Like every Audio Research product, your SP11 has been carefully hand-assembled using parts, electronic components and assembly procedures common to the manufacture of military equipment, commercial aircraft and scientific instruments. To further assure close conformation to established SP11 performance parameters, every unit is visually inspected, burned in, electronically tested and 100% sonically evaluated following final assembly.

In the end, of course, this "perfectionist" approach to the design and manufacture of your SPII is intended to insure your personal musical satisfaction, with reproduction that is intensely alive, neutral, revealing and dynamic -- today and in the years ahead.

#### WARNINGS

- 1. To prevent fire or shock hazard, do not expose your SP11 to rain or moisture.
- 2. This unit contains voltages which can cause serious injury or death. Do not operate with covers removed. Refer servicing to your authorized Audio Research dealer or other qualified personnel.
- 3. The power cord on your SPll is equipped with a standard three-prong grounding plug. If used normally, it will provide a safe earth ground connection of the chassis and all equipment plugged into its AC receptacles on the rear panel of the power supply chassis. Refer to the Section on Grounding Instructions for detailed information. (Units supplied to the United Kingdom will not have these receptacles.)
- 4. For continued protection against fire hazard, replace fuses only with the same type and rating of fuses as specified at individual fuse holders.

### PACKAGING

Save all packaging in a dry place away from fire hazard. Your SP11 Preamplifier is a precision electronic instrument and should be properly cartoned any time shipment is made. You may not have occasion to return your unit to the factory for service, but if that should prove necessary, or other occasion requiring shipment occurs, the original packaging will protect your SP11 from unnecessary damage or delay.

Note that your SP11 has been shipped with vacuum tubes installed in their proper high-retention sockets. You may do likewise if the complete original packaging is used for shipment.

#### ACCESSORIES

Two (2) accessories are provided with your SP11:

- 1. A 15" ground strap, with toothed lugs on both ends, for reducing radio interference from powerful nearby broadcasing stations in some metropolitan areas. See "Grounding Instructions" for information on proper installation.
- 2. A two-prong AC adaptor plug with grounding tab to be used in some installations to "float" the SP11 chassis ground to prevent "ground loop" induced hum, or to allow connection to two-prong AC receptacles. See "Grounding Instructions" for a more complete discussion of safe, sonically effective grounding of your SP11.

#### GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The SPII is constructed on two chassis, untilizing aircraft-quality connectors and an interconnect cable forty-eight (48") inches long. The unit is divided into an active amplification chassis (SPII) and a power supply chassis (SPIIPS). A custom interconnect cable of longer length is available from Audio Research at additional cost, although some degradation of performance will occur as the cable lengthens.

POWER SUPPLY CHASSIS: The separate power supply assembly (SP11PS) contains the on-off switches and convenience receptacles, keeping all AC power isolated from the active chassis.

INTERCONNECT CABLE: The interconnect cable utilizes gold-plated machined connections of aircraft quality. Each connector is keyed. That is, it can only be inserted in its mating socket in one position, to assure proper connection. Take care to align the connectors precisely before rotating the locking ring, so that no contact pins are damaged by forced misalignment.

Clockwise rotation of the locking ring until a slight "click" is felt assures proer locking of the connector for continuous use.

While it will not harm the power supply to operate it without being connected to the active amplification chassis, we recommend that you do not operate it in this way, to prevent any possibility of shock hazard. Note that while both the sockets and the cable connetors are "polarized," some chance of electrical shock could exist under certain conditions with the sockets exposed.

ACTIVE CIRCUIT CHASSIS: The separate "active" chassis contains both the high-gain, RIAA equalized, magnetic phono preamplifier and the "line" level circuitry, plus all of the inputs, outputs and various function controls.

Extensive use has been made of state-of-the-art audio materials, including such items as polypropylene dielectric capacitors, polystyrene dielectric capacitors, metal film resistors, wire-wound resistors, proprietary interconnect "hookup" wires, gold-plated input and output connectors, heavily gold-plated switches, etc.

Each of the levels of circuitry amplification is provided with its own electronic regulation in the form of a "capacitance multiplier," providing essentially "zero" impedance power supplies with essentially "infinite" isolation between circuit sections. Thus, the active circuitry is allowed to operate near theoretical performance levels.

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### DESCRIPTION OF CONTROLS - PREAMPLIFIER

GAIN CONTROL: A segmented control used to attenuate the output of preamplifier Line Section "A" (see Schematic block diagram). Should be used in conjunction with Level Control to minimize output noise and maximize sonic quality.

For lowest noise: Rotate Level Control clockwise to maximum setting, then use Gain Control to adjust volume.

LEVEL CONTROL: A segmented control used to attenuate the input to preamplifier Line Section "A" (see Schematic block diagram). Allows essentially unlimited signal input range while preserving optimum use of Gain Control.

For maximum sonic quality: Rotate Gain Control clockwise to maximum setting, then use Level Control to adjust volume.

NOTE: Mute between records. Activate Mute and turn Gain down when switching inputs or impedance for maximum protection.

BALANCE CONTROL: When rotated, adjusts the relative sound levels of the left and right channels. A detent at the 12 o'clock position marks the point of equal balance Rotating the knob to the right decreases the level of the left channel proportionally, shifting the sonic image to the right. Rotating the knob to the left shifts the sonic image to the left.

MODE CONTROL: Allows selection of various single-channel (mono) and two-channel (stereo) listening modes. Detents mark each selection option during rotation of knob. "Mono" reproduces identical sonic information on both right and left channels. "Reverse" switches left-channel information to the right, right-channel information to the left. "Stereo" is the normally preferred mode for most program material, producing the most realistic sonic image. "Left" cancels all right-channel information in the Stereo mode, and presents left channel information to both channels. In the same way, "Right" cancels all left-channel information, etc.

INPUT SELECTOR: Detents mark selection of various source material options: "Phono" for phonograph record turntables; "Tuner" for AM/FM radio tuners; "CD" for compact digital disc players; "Video" for input from Beta or VHS videotape recorder/players; and "Spare" for any additional high level source: tape, tuner, CD, video, etc.

INPUT IMPEDANCE SELECTOR: Allows front panel selection of impedance to match a wide range of moving-magnet (MM) and moving-coil (MC) phono pickup cartridges. Standard detent positions include:

47K ohm for MM cartridges 100 ohm for MC cartridges 30 ohm for MC cartridges 10 ohm for MC cartridges 3 ohm for MC cartridges

The switch used for this impedance control is a special, multi-gang, heavily gold-plated unit designed to minimize sonic degradation of microvolt-level analog signals. It progressively adds or deletes resistors in parallel to establish the proper matching impedance. You will note that this switch is much more "firm" or "stiff" in operation than the other SPIl switches. This is a necessary result of its multi-contact construction for this special low-level switching function.

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MONITOR SWITCH: In "Monitor" position, this switch bypasses the Input Selector and presents the (output) signal from a tape recorder connected to the "Tape 1" or "Tape 2" inputs on the rear panel. In the "Source" position, the program source is controlled by the Input Selector (Phono, Tuner, C-D, etc.).

Note that the signal present at the "Tape 1" and "Tape 2" output connectors is not affected by this switch. Whatever is selected by the Input Selector will be present at all times at the Tape Output connectors.

The Monitor Switch is not usable when the Bypass Switch is activated.

COPY/NORMAL SWITCH. In the "Normal" position, the signal source selected by the Input Selector is presented at the Tape Outputs. When two tape recorders are used in the system and tape copying or dubbing is desired, move the switch to the "Copy" position. This allows you to tape from one deck to another and simultaneously listen to another program source. "Copy" connects the Tape Outputs to the "Tape 1" or "Tape 2" inputs as selected by the 2-1/1-2 Switch.

TAPE 2/TAPE 1 SWITCH: Used with the Copy/Normal Switch. Selects either "Tape 1" or "Tape 2" inputs and connects the choice to the Tape Outputs when "Copy" position is selected. Position "2-1" connects the outputs of tape recorder #2 to the inputs of tape recorder #1; and Position "1-2" connects the outputs of tape recorder #1 to the inputs of tape recorder #2.

POWER LED: Green light indicates unit is on and receiving power from the power supply.

AUTO MUTE LED: Green light indicates operation of the automatic muting circuitry by varying in intensity at approximately 1.5-second intervals. Activates during first 45 seconds (approximate) of warm-up and during low-power conditions. Not affected by manual Mute Switch.

MUTE/OPERATE SWITCH: In "Mute" position, shorts the output of the preamplifier to allow listening interruptions for telephone answer or other reasons. This switch should always be activated between listening uses, in addition to turning the Gain (volume) Control counter-clockwise. These two simple precautions will prevent inadvertent misuse of your SPII and help protect against damage to your power amplifier and/or speakers by unexpected transient signal pulses (tone arm mishandling, etc).

INVERT/NORMAL SWITCH: In "Invert" position, inverts phase of the audio signal. Restores absolute phase or polarity to program material exhibiting out-of-phase characteristics. (Some phono cartridges and amplifiers are phase inverting and some records are recorded out-of-phase.) When amplifier or crossover is connected to the main output, the invert position will return the phase back to normal.

BYPASS SWITCH: In "Bypass" position, directly connects the Gain (volume) Control to the output of either the RIAA compensated phono amplification circuitry or a selected line-level source (such as CD). The "Balance" and "Mode" Controls, as well as the "Monitor" Switch are removed from the active circuit path when this Switch is in operation. The Bypass Switch is provided for use with audiophile-quality program material or whenever maximum fidelity to the input signal is desired.

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FILTER SWITCH: Subsonic phono filter to attenuate ultra-low-frequency impulses caused by record warps, stylus/tonearm resonance or other vibrational feedback reaching the turntable. In "Filter" position, uses a 6dB per octave rolloff (to eliminate ringing) with transition to 12dB per octave.

### CONNECTIONS - PREAMPLIFIER

POWER INPUT CONNECTOR: For connection of power cable between power supply and preamplifier. Note that preamplifier connector is <u>male</u> configuration. Insert female cable connector carefully, then turn lock-ring to secure.

INPUT CONNECTORS: All are clearly marked to indicate use. All high level inputs are 50K ohms impedance. Remember that impedance of "Phono" input is controlled by setting of front panel Impedance Control. Note that inputs for two (2) tape recorders are provided, as well as inputs for tuner, compact disc, video and a spare line-level input.

MAIN OUTPUT CONNECTORS: There are two (2) sets of output connectors which are connected internally in parallel. One set should be connected to your electronic crossover or power amplifier. The additional set is provided for connection to an additional amplifier for remote or "background" use, or for "bi-wire" amp systems (where separate power amplifiers are used for bass and treble, but no electronic crossover is used).

Minimum total load for the output connectors should not be less then 20K ohms for maximum sonic performance.

Note: At the performance level of the SPll, high-quality audio signal interconnect cables are critical to preserving maximum fidelity. Audio Research RFI-shielded or unshielded interconnect cables are highly recommended for connection to your power amplifier and to other ancillary equipment. See your authorized Audio Research dealer for recommended lengths and prices.

TAPE OUTPUT CONNECTORS: Two (2) sets are provided. Tape outputs should be connected to your tape recorder's "AUX" or "LINE" inputs. These outputs supply a low-impedance source of whatever is selected by the Input Selector Control on the front panel. Level is non-variable and approximately ldB less than selected input source.

DIRECT OUTPUT CONNECTOR: Provides the most direct signal path by feeding the signal directly from the SP11's output stage, thus bypassing phase inverting circuitry and Phase Inverting Switch. Provides the highest possible signal output quality, but with less total system control flexibility.

INVERTING OUTPUT CONNECTOR: Bypasses Phase Inverting Switch for maximum signal fidelity, while providing inverted signal phase.

All input/output connectors have heavy gold plating and connect "ground" before "hot." (On disconnect, "hot" is first.)

#### DESCRIPTION OF CONTROLS - POWER SUPPLY

PREAMP-ON SWITCH: Initiates power to preamplifier. Function indicated by green LED to right of switch.

OUTLETS-ON SWITCH: Initiates power to three (3) grounded receptacles on rear panel of power supply chassis. Function indicated by green LED at left of switch. (Note that one additional grounded recentacle, unswitched, is also provided on the rear panel.)

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#### CONNECTIONS - POWER SUPPLY

POWER RECEPTACLES: Four (4) grounded receptacles are provided, rated for a total of 1600 watts. There is one (1) <u>unswitched</u> outlet which can be used for a turntable or other equipment where switching is not needed or wanted. There are three (3) <u>switched</u> outlets, relay controlled, capable of providing power to amplifiers and other ancillary equipment. (For maximum sonic quality it is recommended that large power amplifiers of 100 watts output or more be connected directly to a separate external outlet.) The "click" heard upon activating the front panel receptacle switch is the relay operating.

The line cord is a #16-guage, 3-conductor cable, providing ample safe grounded power to the rear panel receptacles. It should be noted that the SPII line cord not only grounds the convenience outlets, but also the preamplifier chassis as well.

FUSES: For maximum safety and protection of your warranty, always use the same size and type of fuses as indicated on the back of the chassis.

POWER OUTPUT CONNECTOR: For connection of large, aircraft-style power cable between power supply and preamplifier. Note that power supply connector is  $\underline{\text{female}}$  configuration. Insert male cable connector carefully, then turn lock-ring to secure.

#### GROUNDING INSTRUCTIONS

A fifteen inch (15") ground strap, with toothed lugs on both ends, is supplied with your SPII. Its primary function is to reduce <u>radio interference</u> from powerful nearby broadcasting stations in some metropolitan areas. If your listening location is <u>not</u> troubled by strong radio interference, you will not need to connect this strap.

The preferred mounting configuration for the SP11 preamplifier and SP11PS power supply unit is side by side on a common surface, with the power supply on the left. With this arrangement the phono inputs on the SP11 are best isolated from any magnetic fields or hum from the toroid transformer in the left side of the SP11PS. In this configuration the ground strap connects between two cover screws on adjacent rear corners of the two units. Tighten the screws to ensure a solid electrical connection.

The SPI1 may also be mounted above the SPI1PS, but a space at least one foot between the units is recommended for lowest possible hum. Connect the ground strap between the bottom of the SPI1 and the top of the SPI1PS.

In installations requiring greater spacing between units, a longer ground strap may be substituted, with somewhat less effectiveness in reducing radio interference.

It may be possible under some conditions to detect a slight sonic improvement by connecting the ground strap.

The power cord on your SPII is equipped with a standard three-prong grounding plug which, if used normally, will provide a safe earth ground connection of the chassis and all equipment plugged into its AC receptacles.

Safety: The SP11 is constructed using an isolating power transformer with 4KV insulation. However, for absolute protection, do not defeat the ground power plug. This provides power line grounding of the chassis to provide absolute protection from electrical shock.

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### INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

While the SPII does not dissipate an unusual amount of heat, it is important that both units have a reasonable airflow to assure long, trouble-free operation. In addition, the following installation guidelines will help insure maximum sonic performance as well as reliable service.

- 1. Upright and horizontal mounting is required for both units if extended operation (longer than one hour) is contemplated.
- 2. Do not "stack" the units one on top the other. Not only will this prevent proper ventilation, but "hum" will be introduced into the phono circuits from the proximity. of the power transformer.
- 3. Do not place or operate either unit on a soft or irregular surface such as a rug. This will prevent the units from having proper ventilation.
- 4. Do not operate either unit without the top and bottom covers installed. These are required both for safety as well as shielding from interference (except in service operations, obviously).
- 5. If rack mounting is employed, use Audio Research Rack Mount Ventilators (RMV-3) below, between and above the units.
- 6. If side-by-side mounting is employed, place the power supply to the  $\underline{\text{left}}$  of the active chassis, so as to provide maximum spacing of the power transformer from the hum sensitive phono input circuitry.
- 7. In a cabinet or rack-mount installation which has an enclosed back, an exhaust fan is desirable so as not to operate the SPII or its power supply in overheated ambient air. Operation of vacuum tube equipment for long periods of time in hot ambient air will shorten tube life and increase chance of failure of other component parts.

### OPERATING PROCEDURE

#### START-UP:

- l. Make sure power switch and receptacle power switch on SPIIPS are set to "off" position; Mute Switch should be in "mute" position and "Level" and "Gain" Controls should be at minimum (full counter-clockwise rotation).
- 2. Make sure power interconnect cable is properly and securely connected between active chassis and power supply.
- 3. Secure all rear-panel connections between SP11, power amplifier(s) and input sources. Note: Given the advanced performance capabilities of the SP11, it is extremely important that the highest-quality interconnects be used for connection to ancillary electronics. Audio Research brand interconnects, in either unshielded or RFI-shielded configurations, are strongly recommended. Your Audio Research dealer can assist you in determining optimal lengths for your system.
- 4. Plug 3-prong powerline cord from rear of SPIIPS into AC wall receptacle.

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5. Turn Power Switch on SPI1PS to "On." Turn Receptacle Power Switch to "On" as necessary. Green LED will blink for approximately 45 seconds while power supply stabilizes, indicating operation of automatic muting circuit. When LED ceases flashing but remains on, your SPI1 is ready for operation.

Note: For superior sonic performance, a warm-up period of approximately one hour, 15 minutes is recommended. In addition, your SP11 may be safely left "on" continuously for maximum performance at all times, but at the expense of higher maintenance costs (more frequent tube replacement).

- 6. Rotate input selector to source desired; set switch options to positions desired.
- 7. If "Phono" has been selected, make sure impedance is properly matched to your phono cartridge via the front-panel selector.
- 8. Activate power amplifier(s) and input source, then deactivate Mute Switch and adjust Level/Gain Controls as necessary.

#### MUTING PROVISIONS:

The SPII has several provisions to help protect against misuse of the exceptional dynamic range and wide bandwidth that it offers. It is not subject to damage itself, but some power amplifiers and speakers are more limited in their ability to withstand signal extremes. These provisions, both manual and automatic, are designed not to interfere with a flawless listening experience of unprecedented realism, while giving reasonable protection against warm-up surges and power line interruptions. However, for absolute protection of associated equipment some operator understanding, and responsibility, is required.

Initial "settling" time of all circuit parameters within the SP11 requires approximately 10 to 15 minutes. The automatic muting circuitry timer is adjusted for about 45 seconds. (This is because recurrent interruption "settling" time is much less. You would not want to wait for 10-15 minutes each time such an interruption occurred.)

The Mute/Operate Switch allows manual disabling of the SP11 outputs during any moving of the tonearm or switching of equipment. Use of this switch will minimize stress on your amplifier even if it is "off." It is also highly recommended that manual muting be employed during the initial 10 minute warm-up period as well as during turnoff for maximum protection.

While it is true that the automatic muting will provide reasonably adequate protection against speaker burnout during these periods, it has limitations. Consider the following: Suppose the power amplifier is "on" (although this should not be) when the SPIl is turned on (without manual muting). There is a finite period of time prior to the energizing of the automatic muting circuitry which will allow a few milliseconds of warm-up settling at the output. The result is sonic and subsonic output to the amplifier and speaker. While this won't normally cause loudspeaker or amplifier failure, it will be sonically unpleasant. Again, at the 45 second point of the automatic timer "releases" the output, and since full stabilization has not yet occurred, the sonic unpleasantness is repeated. Although this is normally adequate "protection," utilization of the manual mute provision will completely avoid this stress to your speakers, as well as the associated sonic unpleasantness.

Some solid-state power amplifiers have a DC offset present at their input connections. (This, of course, should not be.) Operation of the manual muting switch with such an amplifier connected will result in a "click" or "pop" in your loudspeaker (commensurate in level with the amount of the offset) each time the switch is activated. Repair or replacement of such amplifiers is suggested.

The automatic muting operates as follows:

- 1. The manual mute switch always disables both outputs and overrides any automatic provisions, even when the SPII is turned off. (The "Operate" position of the manual mute switch is functional only when the unit is not in the automatic mute mode.)
- 2. The 45 second warm-up timer will restart automatically if the power is temporarily interrupted for 0.2 seconds or more. Note: Power supply regulation of the SPII is effective down to 95VAC without serious sonic degradation.
- 3. The automatic muting of the SP11 is designed to be effective only against power line interruptions and power supply failures. It will <u>not</u> mute against subsonic signal transmissions from your turntable, etc. <u>Proper fusing of speakers is essential to protect against excessive audio level or power amplifier faults.</u>
- 4. The muting is accomplished by shunt relays activated by the automatic timer circuit, or manually via the Muting Switch. This design insures minimal sonic degradation.

#### SHUT-DOWN:

- 1. Set "Mute" Switch to "mute" position.
- 2. Rotate "Gain" and "Level" Controls counter-clockwise to minimum settings.
- 3. Deactivate power amplifier(s).
- 4. Deactivate all input sources.
- 5. Set SP11PS Power Switch and Receptacle Power Switch to "Off" position.

### SERVICING

Because of its careful design and exacting standards of manufacture, your SP11 should normally require only minimal routine service to maintain its high level of performance.

CAUTION: Your SP11 contains sufficient levels of voltage and current to be lethal. Do not tamper with a component or part inside the unit. Even with the power turned off, a charge remains in the energy storage capacitors for some time. Refer any needed service to your authorized Audio Research dealer or other qualified technician.

The six (6) vacuum tubes inside your SP11 are quality 6DJ8 types, and with normal use should not have to be changed for approximately 5000 to 10,000 hours of use. Replacement 6DJ8 tubes need not be low-noise or matched for gain characteristics. However, good, high transconductance tubes will provide superior sonic performance.

At the back of this Manual you will find a schematic diagram for your SP11 which is fully annotated with operating voltages and component part values. Your service technician will require this information when servicing your unit.

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### FET REPLACEMENT INSTRUCTIONS

MATCHING: The color code on the replacment FET must be identical to the old FET. When ordering replacement FETs, always specify color code, Q number (see schematic) and SP11 serial number.

For proper sonic performance, Q4, 5, 8, 11 FETs use trim resistors that are matched to each individual FET, using a proprietary Audio Research test procedure. When replacing a defective FET, it is usually necessary to change to the new 1% trim resistor(s) supplied with the replacmenet FET.

Q11 is unique in that its individual trim resistors must be determined to correspond with R92, which is 100K in older units and 68.1K in new units. Make sure that the identification supplied with replacement Q11 and trim resistor sets match R92 in your unit.

If the new trim resistors have identical resistance color code values to the old trim resistor(s), they will not need replacing. Check resistors on both top and bottom of the circuit board, since parallel combinations are often used. It is not necessary that left and right channels have identical trim resistors, since the FETs vary slightly within a color coded type. For best sonic results do not use types of resistors other than those supplied by Audio Research.

STATIC WARNING: Mosfets are susceptible to damage from static discharge, or excessive gate voltage during installation. To minimize damaging leakage voltages, use an ungrounded soldering iron, or one that is grounded to the chassis of the SPII. Also, touch the soldering iron to the circuit board pads first, and then flow the solder around the Mosfet pins. Avoid contact of the soldering iron to the gate pin alone before it is firmly soldered into the circuit. Make sure any gate-to-source protective devices in the circuit are not defective. They may be measured for diode conduction in circuit with a suitable ohmmeter.

CHECKOUT: To ensure proper performance of the circuit after FET replacement, verify proper DC operating point of the source terminals of Q5, Q8, Q11 or Q14. They should be within 20 volts of the values indicated on the schematic, measured with a 1K isolation resistor in series with the voltmeter probe tip.

The custom matched replacement FETs and resistors will generally perform identically to the original parts. If for any reason the sonic performance of the SP11 is not fully as good as it was originally, please contact Customer Service for further asssistance.

Remember to allow one (1) hour warm-up time after each shut-down for best sonic results. Also, the SPII performs best at normal, stable, room temperature with covers on, in a well-ventilated, non-turbulant (no nearby fans) area.

### 3-YEAR LIMITED WARRANTY TERMS AND CONDITIONS

- 1. LIMITED WARRANTY. Audio Research warrants the product designated herein to be free of manufacturing defects in material and workmanship, subject to the conditions hereinafter set forth, for a period of three (3) years from the date of purchase by the original purchaser or no later than five (5) years from the date of shipment to the authorized Audio Research dealer, whichever comes first, excepting vacuum tubes which are warranted for 90 days only (See 6).
- 2. CONDITIONS. This Warranty is subject to the following conditions and limitations. The Warranty is void and inapplicable if the product has been used or handled other than in accordance with the instructions in the owner's manual, abused or misused, damaged by accident or neglect or in being transported, or the defect is due to the product being repaired or tampered with by anyone other than Audio Research or an authorized Audio Research repair center. The product must be packed and returned to Audio Research or an authorized Audio Research repair center by the customer at his or her sole expense. Audio Research will pay return freight of its choice. A RETURNED PRODUCT MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY A WRITTEN DESCRIPTION OF THE DEFECT AND A PHOTOCOPY OF THE ORIGINAL PURCHASE RECEIPT. This receipt must clearly list model and serial number, the date of purchase, the name and address of the purchaser and authorized dealer and the price paid by the purchaser. Audio Research reserves the right to modify the design of any product without obligation to purchasers of previously manufactured products and to change the prices or specifications of any product without notice or obligation to any person.
- 3. REMEDY. In the event the above product fails to meet the above Warranty and the above conditions have been met, the purchaser's sole remedy under this Limited Warranty shall be to return the product to Audio Research or an authorized Audio Research repair center where the defect will be rectified without charge for parts or labor, except vacuum tubes (See 6).
- 4. LIMITED TO ORIGINAL PURCHASER. This Warranty is for the sole benefit of the original purchaser of the covered product and shall not be transferred to a subsequent purcahser of the product.
- 5. DURATION OF WARRANTY. This Warranty expires on the third anniversary of the date of purchase or no later than the fifth anniversary of the date of shipment to the authorized Audio Research dealer, whichever comes first.
- 6. VACUUM TUBES. Vacuum tubes are warranted for the original 90-day period only.
- 7. DEMONSTRATION EQUIPMENT. Equipment used by an authorized dealer for demonstration purposes is warranted to be free of manufacturing defects in materials and workmanship for a period of three (3) years from the date of shipment to the dealer. Vacuum tubes are warranted for 90 days. Demo equipment needing warranty service must be packed and returned to Audio Research by the dealer at his sole expense. Audio Research will pay return freight of its choice. A returned product must be accompanied by a written description of the defect on an AUDIO RESEARCH RETURNED GOODS AUTHORIZATION form. Dealer-owned demonstration equipment sold at retail within three (3) years of date of shipment to the dealer is warranted to the first retail customer to be free of manufacturing defects in materials and workmanship for the duration of the 3-Year Limited Warranty remaining (as measured from the date of shipment of the equipment to the dealer). Vacuum tubes are not warranted for any period under these conditions of sale. In the event warranty service is needed under these conditions, the owner of

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the equipment must provide a copy of his purchase receipt, fulfilling the requirements described under "2. Conditions" above. The product must be packed and returned to Audio Research or an authorized Audio Research repair center by the customer at his or her sole expense. Audio Research will pay return freight of its choice.

- 8. MISCELLANEOUS. ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES RELATING TO THE ABOVE PRODUCT SHALL BE LIMITED TO THE DURATION OF THIS WARRANTY. THE WARRANTY DOES NOT EXTEND TO ANY INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL COSTS OR DAMAGES TO THE PRUCHASER. Some states do not allow limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts or an exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitations or exclusions may not apply to you. This Warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.
- 9. WARRANTOR. Inquiries regarding the above Limited Warranty may be sent to the following address:

Audio Research Corporation 6801 Shingle Creek Parkway Minneapolis, MN 55430

### WARRANTY OUTSIDE THE USA

Audio Research has formal distribution in many of the countries of the free world. In each country the Audio Research Importer has contractually accepted the responsibility for product warranty. Warranty should normally be obtained from the importing dealer or distributor from whom you obtain your product.

In the unlikely event of service need beyond the capability of the Importer, Audio Research does, of course, back up the warranty. Such product would need to be returned to Audio Research, together with a photostatic copy of the bill of sale.

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SP11 SPECIFICATIONS
  Frequency Response:
                        †1dB, 0.2Hz to 100kHz
    High level input:
                         -3dB below 0.1Hz and above 200kHz
                        ±.2dB of RIAA 20Hz to 40kHz
    Phono input:
                        ±1dB of RIAA, 1.0Hz to 100kHz
  Harmonic Distortion:
    Less than .005% at 2V RMS output, 5Hz to 20kHz (Typically less than .001% at midband,
    phono or line input)
 Intermodulation Distortion:
   Less than .003% at 2V RMS output
 Gain: (at 1kHz, Bypass mode):
    Phono input to tape output: 46dB (0.2V output from lmv input)
    Phono input to main output: 75dB (0.175mv input for 1V output)
   High level input to main output: 29dB (36mv input for 1V output)
    Phono, Tuner, C-D, Video, Spare, Tape 1, Tape 2
  Outputs (6):
    Tape 1, Tape 2, Main 1, Main 2, Direct, Invert
    25Hz Hi-pass phono subsonic 6dB/octave rolloff (to eliminate ringing) with
    transition to 12dB/octave at 10Hz. Front panel switchable, phono only
 Controls (6):
    Gain, Level (to set gain range), Balance, Mode, Input, Impedance
   Tape Monitor, Copy, Tape 1/2, Tape 1to2 / 2tol, Mute, Invert Phase, Bypass, Filter
 Input Impedance:
    Phono: Front panel selectable 47K, 100, 30, 10, 3 ohms
            Phono Input Capacitance: 150pF at 10kHz
    High Level: 20K ohms or higher, depending on switch functions
 Maximum Input Level Undistorted:
    Phono: 350mV RMS at 1kHz, 1200mV RMS at 10kHz
            (0.1 second maximum duration, 6dB less if continuous)
   High Level: 25 Volts RMS
 Output Impedance:
    250 ohms main, direct, invert outputs
    500 ohms tape output
    Recommended load 60K ohms and 100pF (20K ohms minimum, 1000pF maximum)
 Rated Output:
    2V RMS 1Hz to 100kHz main, direct, invert outputs
    (Maximum 80V RMS output at 0.2% THD at 1kHz into 60K ohm load with 2.85V
    RMS high level input)
 Phase:
   Tape outputs, direct output: Non-inverting
   Invert Output: Inverting
   Main Outputs (2): Selectable non-inverting or inverting. All outputs may be
                        used simultaneously.
 Noise (IHF Weighted, shorted input):
   Output (Gain down)
                                                    (110dB below Rated Output)
                         6uV
   Input (High Level): 3uV equivalent input
                                                    (110dB below lV input)
                          0.15uV equivalent input (76dB below lmV input)
 Tube Complement (Hybrid FET/Tube Audio Circuit, Solid-State Power Supply):
   6 - 6DJ8/ECC88
 Power Requirements:
   95-135VAC 60Hz (Export 190-270VAC 50/60Hz) 130 Watts maximum
 Dimensions: (Each Chassis, EIA Rack Panel Mounting)
   19" (48 cm) W x 5 1/4" (13.4 cm) H x 10 1/4" (26 cm) D Handles extend 1 5/8" (4.1 cm) forward of panel. Interconnect cable extends
   4" behind rear of chassis
 Weight: (2 Cartons)
   SPIL: Net 14 lbs. (6.4 kg); Shipping 23 lbs. (10.5 kg)
SPILPS: Net 15 lbs. (6.8 kg); Shipping 23 lbs. (10.5 kg)
TOTALS: Net 29 lbs. (13.2 kg); Shipping 46 lbs. (21.0 kg)
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